1 Appendix

Table 1: Gender	Wage	Gap in	Georgia	(2003-2022)
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YEAR	MALE WAGE	FEMALE	WAGE	WAGE
	IN GEL	WAGE IN GEL	DIFFRENCES	DIFFRENCES IN %
2003	163	85.7	77.3	47.42%
2004	200.8	108.3	92.5	46.07%
2005	267.9	131.1	136.8	51.06%
2006	362	177.6	184.4	50.94%
2007	475.6	240.2	235.4	49.50%
2008	678.4	367.7	310.7	45.80%
2009	690.8	398.3	292.5	42.34%
2010	742.8	426.6	316.2	42.57%
2011	771.1	460.2	310.9	40.32%
2012	859.6	517.9	341.7	39.75%
2013	920.3	585	335.3	36.43%
2014	980	617.9	362.1	36.95%
2015	1074.3	692.5	381.8	35.54%
2016	1116.6	731.2	385.4	34.52%
2017	1197.4	770.2	427.2	35.68%
2018	1280.7	822.6	458.1	35.77%
2019	1361.8	869.1	492.7	36.18%
2020	1407.7	952.2	455.5	<u>32.36%</u>
2021	1537.9	1055.5	482.4	<u>31.37%</u>
2022	1673.8	1161.2	512.6	<u>30.62%</u>

Source: Author's computation based on data from the National Statistics Office of Georgia, (2003-2022).

G	ender	Ethnicity		hnicity Age	
Men	Women	Georgian	Non-Georgian	15-60	60+
44.93%	34.01%	40.35%	24.80%	45.82%	18.94%

Table 2. Proportion of employed individuals in groups

Source: Author's computation based on data from the National Statistics Office of Georgia,

Labor Force Surveys 2019

Notes: Self-employed people are excluded.

	Men	WOMEN	DIFFERENCE
WAGE	692.38	507.44	184.94*** (7.2032) [0.000]
AGE	44.62	42.48	2.14*** (0.24)
SCHOOLING (0-4 YEARS)	0.20%	0.13%	0.07% (0.0007)
SCHOOLING (9 YEARS)	3.16%	1.80%	1.36% ***(0.0026)
SCHOOLING (12 YEARS)	34.63%	18.58%	16.05%*** (0.0074)
SCHOOLING (13-16 YEARS)	31.99%	34.77%	-2.78% ***(0.0081) [0.001]
SCHOOLING (16+ YEARS)	30.02%	44.72%	-14.70% *** (0.0083)
Married	72.09%	61.28%	10.81% ***(0.0081)
URBAN	67.07%	72.56%	-5.49%*** (0.0079)
TBILISI	29.03%	32.19%	-3.44%*** (0.0084)
FULL TIME	97.72%	95.19%	2.53%*** (0.0032)
HOURS WORKED WEEKLY	48.16	40.18	7.98*** (0.2394)
PRIVATE SECTOR	67.58%	57.79%	-9.80%*** (0.0083)
OBSERVATIONS	6 485	7 025	

Table 3. Summary statistics with respect to gender

Source: Author's computation based on data from the National Statistics Office of Georgia,

Labor Force Surveys 2019

Notes: given are (weighted) average values of the variables

years of education are approximated based on the level of education attained by a person

standard errors in parentheses; p-values from t-test in square brackets

Table 4:	Description	of the Schooling
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SCHOOLING (0-4 YEARS)	ISCED 1	Primary education (basic education typically starting at age 6 or 7, covering primary grades)
SCHOOLING (9 YEARS)	ISCED 2	Lower secondary education (builds upon primary education, typically completed by age 15 or 16)
SCHOOLING (12 YEARS)	ISCED 3	Upper secondary education (preparatory education for higher education or workforce, completed by age 18)
SCHOOLING (13-16 YEARS)	ISCED 4, ISCED 5, ISCED 6	Post-secondary and tertiary education including bachelor's
SCHOOLING (16+ YEARS)	ISCED 7	Tertiary education (includes, master's, doctoral, or equivalent levels of education)

Source: European Commission. International Standard Classification of Education (ISCED). Eurostat. Available at:

https://ec.europa.eu/eurostat/statistics-

explained/index.php?title=International_Standard_Classification_of_Education_(ISCED)#Background

	GEORGIAN	Non-	DIFFERENCE
		GEORGIAN	
WAGE	601.99	496.74	105.25*** (14.92)
			[0.000]
AGE	43.60	43.77	-0.17 (0.4923)
SCHOOLING (0-4 YEARS)	0.05%	1.71%	-1.66%*** (0.0014)
SCHOOLING (9 YEARS)	2.08%	7.64%	-5.56% ***(0.0054)
SCHOOLING (12 YEARS)	25.03%	42.98%	-17.95%*** (0.0153)
SCHOOLING (13-16 YEARS)	34.11%	23.98%	10.13%*** (0.0165)
SCHOOLING (16+ YEARS)	38.72%	23.69%	15.03%*** (0.0169)
MARRIED	66.60%	63.67%	2.93%* (0.0165)
URBAN	70.46%	62.64%	7.82%*** (0.0160)
TBILISI	38.20%	37.47%	0.73% (0.0170)
FULL TIME	96.33%	97.15%	0.82% (0.0065)
HOURS WORKED WEEKLY	43.94	44.30	-0.36 (0.5049)
PRIVATE SECTOR	62.04%	68.08%	-6.04%*** (0.0169)
OBSERVATIONS	12 676	834	

Table 5. Summary statistics with respect to ethnicity

Source: Author's computation based on data from the National Statistics Office of Georgia,

Labor Force Surveys 2019.

Notes: given are (weighted) average values of the variables

years of education are approximated based on the level of education attained by a person

standard errors in parentheses; p-values from t-test in square brackets

	15-60 AGED	60+ AGED	DIFFERENCE
WAGE	612.89	482.38	130.51*** (10.690)
			[0.000]
AGE	39.98	66.70	-26.72*** (0.269)
SCHOOLING (0-4 YEARS)	0.14%	0.27%	-0.13% (0.001)
SCHOOLING (9 YEARS)	2.55%	1.74%	0.81%** (0.004)
SCHOOLING (12 YEARS)	27.56%	17.55%	10.01% ***(0.011)
SCHOOLING (13-16 YEARS)	34.83%	24.71%	10.12%*** (0.012)
SCHOOLING (16+ YEARS)	34.92%	55.74%	-20.82%*** (0.012)
MARRIED	66.61%	65.14%	1.47% (0.012)
Urban	69.85%	70.59%	-0.74% (0.012)
TBILISI	38.64%	35.03%	3.61% ***(0.012)
FULL TIME	96.61%	94.94%	1.67%*** (0.005)
HOURS WORKED WEEKLY	44.57	40.13	4.44*** (0.361)
PRIVATE SECTOR	65.25%	44.51%	20.74%*** (0.012)
OBSERVATIONS	11 625	1 885	

Table 6. Summary statistics with respect to age

Source: Author's computation based on data from the National Statistics Office of Georgia,

Labor Force Surveys 2019.

Notes: given are (weighted) average values of the variables

Old is defined as individuals aged 60 or more

years of education are approximated based on the level of education attained by a person

standard errors in parentheses; p-values from t-test in square brackets

	SPECIFIC	SPECIFICATION 1		SPECIFICATION 2		
	EE	CRE	EE	CRE		
GROSS GAP	0.328***	0.328***	0.328***	0.328***		
	(0.011)	(0.011)	(0.011)	(0.011)		
EXPLAINED	-0.054***	-0.059***	0.117***	0.074***		
	(0.005)	(0.005)	(0.021)	(0.017)		
UNEXPLAINED	0.382***	0.386***	0.210***	0.254***		
	(0.010)	(0.011)	(0.022)	(0.018)		
CONTROL	Y	es	Yes			
VARIABLES						
Extended	N	No		Yes		
CONTROL						
VARIABLES						
OBSERVATIONS	13	510	13	510		

Table 7. Results of decomposing wage with respect to gender

Source: Author's computation based on data from the National Statistics Office of Georgia, Labor Force Surveys 2019.

Notes: natural logarithm of net earnings is the dependent variable across all specifications

Control variables contain personal characteristics: age, age squared, nationality, education dummies, dummy for married (defined as non-single, i.e., currently or was ever married), dummy for urban, dummy for Tbilisi. Extended control variables contain job related characteristics: hours worked weekly, dummy for full time, dummy for employed in private as opposed to public sector, 21 dummies for industry and 10 dummies for occupation.

EE stands for enrichment experiment and CRE - civil rights experiment as defined above

*Significant at 10% level; **Significant at 5% level; ***Significant at 1% level.

Standard errors in parentheses

Table 8. Mean weekly worked hours for married (defined as non-single) and single women

Single	Married	Difference
41.75	39.75	1.99*** (0.41)
		[0.000]

Source: Author's computation based on data from the National Statistics Office of Georgia,

Labor Force Surveys 2019.

Notes: given are (weighted) average values

standard error in parentheses; p-value from t-test in square brackets

Table 9. Share of men and women and average monthly earnings across the different industries

INDUSTRY	SHARE	SHARE OF	DIFFERENCE	AVERAGE
	OF	FEMALES		MONTHLY
	MALES			EARNINGS
AGRICULTURE	0.75	0.25	0.5	518 (16 th)
MINING	0.94	0.06	0.88	885 (2 nd)
MANUFACTURING	0.62	0.38	0.24	530 (14 th)
ELECTRICITY, GAS, WATER	0.81	0.19	0.62	578 (12 th)
SUPPLY				
CONSTRUCTION	0.93	0.07	0.86	813 (4 th)
WHOLESALE AND RETAIL	0.46	0.54	-0.08	502 (18 th)
TRADE; REPAIR OF MOTOR				
VEHICLES AND MOTORCYCLES				
TRANSPORTATION AND	0.84	0.16	0.68	762 (5 th)
STORAGE	0.01	0.10	0.00	102(3)
ACCOMMODATION AND FOOD	0.38	0.62	-0.24	489 (19 th)
SERVICE ACTIVITIES				
INFORMATION AND	0.58	0.42	0.16	762 (6 th)
COMMUNICATION		0.50	0.04	
FINANCIAL AND INSURANCE ACTIVITIES	0.32	0.68	-0.36	704 (8 th)
REAL ESTATE ACTIVITIES	0.48	0.52	0.04	547 (13 th)
PROFESSIONAL, SCIENTIFIC	0.43	0.57	-0.14	673 (9 th)
AND TECHNICAL ACTIVITIES				
ADMINISTRATIVE AND	0.72	0.28	0.44	520 (15 th)
SUPPORT SERVICE ACTIVITIES				
PUBLIC ADMINISTRATION AND	0.66	0.34	0.32	835 (3 rd)
DEFENCE; COMPULSORY				
SOCIAL SECURITY				1
EDUCATION	0.16	0.84	-0.68	448 (20 th)
HUMAN HEALTH AND SOCIAL	0.16	0.84	-0.68	511 (17 th)
WORK ACTIVITIES	0.40	0.50	0.04	
ARTS, ENTERTAINMENT AND RECREATION	0.48	0.52	-0.04	629 (10 th)
OTHER SERVICE ACTIVITIES				
OTHER SERVICE ACTIVITIES	0.32	0.68	-0.36	590 (11 th)
ACTIVITIES OF HOUSEHOLDS	0.01	0.00	-0.98	743 (7 th)
AS EMPLOYERS;	0.01	0.77	0.90	/ 15 (/)
UNDIFFERENTIATED GOODS-				
AND SERVICES-PRODUCING				
ACTIVITIES OF HOUSEHOLDS				
FOR OWN USE				
ACTIVITIES OF	0.43	0.57	-0.14	1584 (1 st)
EXTRATERRITORIAL				
ORGANIZATIONS AND BODIES				

Table 10. Share of men and women and average monthly earnings across the different occupations

OCCUPATION	SHARE OF	SHARE OF	DIFFERENCE	AVERAGE
	MALES	FEMALES		MONTHLY
				EARNINGS
1.LEGISLATORS,	0.56	0.44	0.12	986 (1 st)
SENIOR OFFICIALS				
AND MANAGERS				
2. PROFESSIONALS	0.27	0.73	-0.46	675 (3 rd)
3. TECHNICIANS AND	0.41	0.59	-0.18	550 (6 th)
ASSOCIATE				
PROFESSIONALS				
4. CLERKS	0.34	0.66	-0.32	539 (7 th)
5. SERVICE WORKERS	0.42	0.58	-0.16	483 (8 th)
AND SHOP AND				
MARKET SALES				
WORKERS				
6. SKILLED	0.73	0.27	0.46	478 (9 th)
AGRICULTURAL AND				
FISHERY WORKERS				
7. CRAFT AND	0.8	0.2	0.6	583 (5 th)
RELATED TRADES				
WORKERS				
8. PLANT AND	0.96	0.04	0.92	656 (4 th)
MACHINE OPERATORS				
AND ASSEMBLERS				
9. ELEMENTARY	0.53	0.47	0.06	407 (10 th)
OCCUPATIONS				
10. ARMED FORCES	1	0	1	928 (2 nd)

	SPECIFICATION 1		SPECIFICATION 2	
	EE	CRE	EE	CRE
GROSS GAP	0.164***	0.164***	0.164***	0.164***
	(0.022)	(0.022)	(0.022)	(0.022)
EXPLAINED	0.060***	0.015(0.014)	0.108***	0.084***
	(0.012)		(0.014)	(0.020)
UNEXPLAINED	0.104***	0.149***	0.056***	0.080***
	(0.022)	(0.024)	(0.020)	(0.023)
CONTROL	Yes		Yes	
VARIABLES				
EXTENDED	No		Yes	
CONTROL				
VARIABLES				
OBSERVATIONS	13 510		13 510	

Table 11. Results of decomposing wage with respect to ethnicity

Source: Author's computation based on data from the National Statistics Office of Georgia, Labor Force Surveys 2019.

Notes: natural logarithm of net earnings is the dependent variable across all specifications

Control variables contain personal characteristics: age, age squared, gender, education dummies, dummy for married (defined as non-single, i.e., currently or was ever married), dummy for urban, dummy for Tbilisi.

Extended control variables contain job related characteristics: hours worked weekly, dummy for full time, dummy for employed in private as opposed to public sector, 21 dummies for industry and 10 dummies for occupation.

EE stands for enrichment experiment and CRE - civil rights experiment as defined above

*Significant at 10% level; **Significant at 5% level; ***Significant at 1% level.

Standard errors in parentheses

	SPECIFICATION 1		SPECIFICATION 2	
	EE	CRE	EE	CRE
GROSS GAP	0.277***	0.277***	0.277***	0.277***
	(0.017)	(0.017)	(0.017)	(0.017)
EXPLAINED	0.367***	0.545 (0.443)	0.313***	0.043 (0.388)
	(0.030)		(0.028)	
UNEXPLAINED	-0.090***	-0.268	-0.036 (0.030)	0.233 (0.388)
	(0.033)	(0.443)		
CONTROL	Yes		Yes	
VARIABLES				
Extended	No		Yes	
CONTROL				
VARIABLES				
OBSERVATIONS	13 510		13 510	

Table 12. Results of decomposing wage with respect to age

Source: Author's computation based on data from the National Statistics Office of Georgia,

Labor Force Surveys 2019.

Notes: natural logarithm of net earnings is the dependent variable across all specifications

Control variables contain personal characteristics: age, age squared, nationality, gender, education dummies, dummy for married (defined as non-single, i.e., currently or was ever married), dummy for urban, dummy for Tbilisi.

Extended control variables contain job related characteristics: hours worked weekly, dummy for full time, dummy for employed in private as opposed to public sector, 21 dummies for industry and 10 dummies for occupation.

EE stands for enrichment experiment and CRE - civil rights experiment as defined above

*Significant at 10% level; **Significant at 5% level; ***Significant at 1% level.

Standard errors in parentheses

Gender Wage Gap in Georgia Wages in GEL Year - Male Wage in GEL Female Wage in GEL

Figure 1: Gender Wage Gap in Georgia (2003-2022)

Source: Author's computation based on data from the National Statistics Office of Georgia, (2003-2022)

Figure 2: Gender Wage differences in %, in Georgia (2003-2022)



