CZECH UNIVERSITY OF LIFE SCIENCES PRAGUE

Faculty of Tropical AgriSciences

Evaluation of the Diploma Thesis by Opponent

Thesis Title	Spatial and behavioural segregation between Agama agama and Agama weizholdi living in sympatry in Southern Senegal
Name of the student	Ing. Michal Semrád
Thesis supervisor	doc. Francisco Ceacero Herrador, Ph.D.
Department	Department of Animal Science and Food Processing
Opponent	Ing. David Lastra González

Formulation of the aims	1 2 3 4		
Choice of suitable methods	1 2 3 4		
Fulfilment of the aims	1 2 3 4		
Scientific contribution of the thesis	1 2 3 4		
Originality of the thesis			
Theoretical background of the author	1 2 3 4		
Handling with data and information	1 2 3 4		
Handling with scientific literature (citations)			
Argumentation and critical thinking			
Abstract and keywords	1 2 3 4		
Structure of the chapters and paragraphs	1 2 3 4		
Comprehensibility of the text	1 2 3 4		
Accuracy of the terminology			
Quality of scientific language			
Formatting, layout and general impression			
Evaluation of the work by grade (1, 2, 3, 4) 4			

Evaluation: 1 = the best

Date 07/06/2020

Signature of Opponent

Other comments or suggestions:

The scope of the study is clear. Methodology is really poor and not ambitious. Terminology of latin names is continuously mispelled, as well geographic terms. There are repetitive parts in the thesis that are not following a continuous thread along the text. Insufficient bibliography.

Several graphs are not self-explanatory. Main task of the thesis like calculation the degree of similarities lacks of any justification. The hypothesis is not clear and H0 and H1 are not explained. Phylogenetic assumptions are totally wrong. Statistical staments are done without any explanation and other just wrong. Fulfillment of hypothesis is quite doubtful and some contradictions are present.

Questions for thesis defence:

Q1-Could you explain me what it is the difference between geographical and strictly demic sympatric speciation?

- Q2- How do you know that your individuals were independent are not counted repititively.
- Q3- Which is the average dispersal of these species?

Q4- Why the Kolmogorov-Smirnov test was used to detect normality and not the Shapiro-Wilk test?

Q5- How do you measure in field the occurence to the nearest neighbour?

Date 07/06/2020

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