



Sika deer as an alien species: Perception in scientific literature and ecological traits of non--native populations

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#### Alien Species

#### Worldwide problem

#### Second cause of biodiversity loss

Ecological issue

Intensifying process

#### Alien Species in Europe

Currently among the most urgent nature conservation issues

Important economic cost

Several alien species in Europe







\*Hulme, 2009

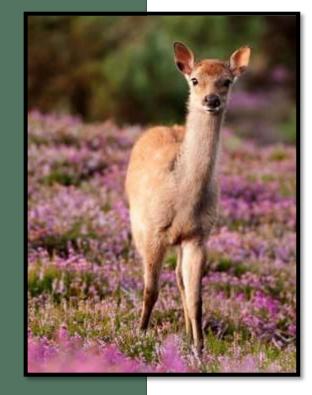




#### Member of the Asian fauna

Native of:

Japan, China, Korea, Taiwan, Viet Nam, Russia



#### Brought to many other countries

Aesthetic reasons/Game species

Europe, USA, New Zealand, Africa



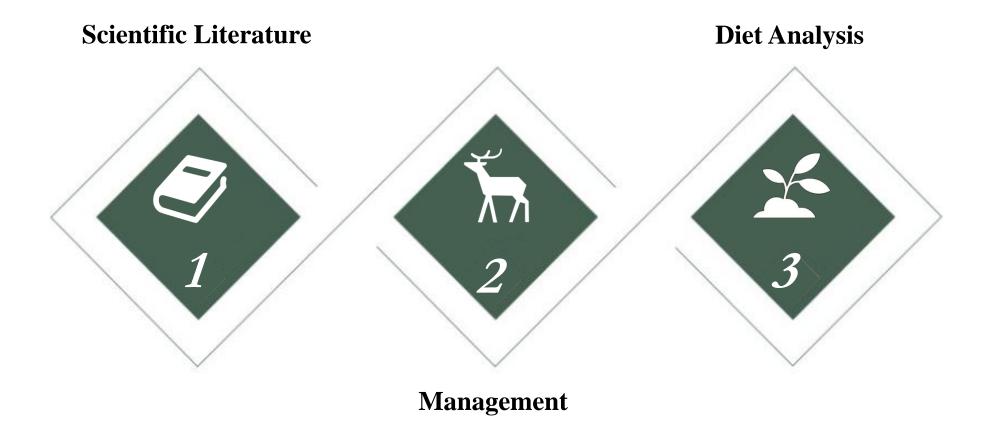
### Highly Adaptable

Thrive in non native environments

Invasive populations

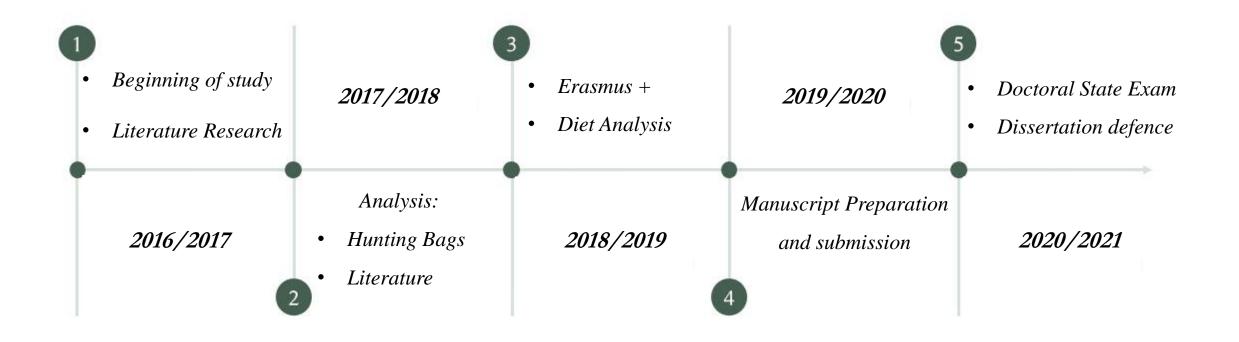


#### Aims and Goals





#### **Research Timeline**





### **Bibliometric Analysis**







### **Bibliometric Analysis**







#### Investigation of:

- Most used author keywords
- Most and least productive countries
- Temporal trends of discussed topics
- Citation bursts of keywords





# Koloniewer

# CiteSpace

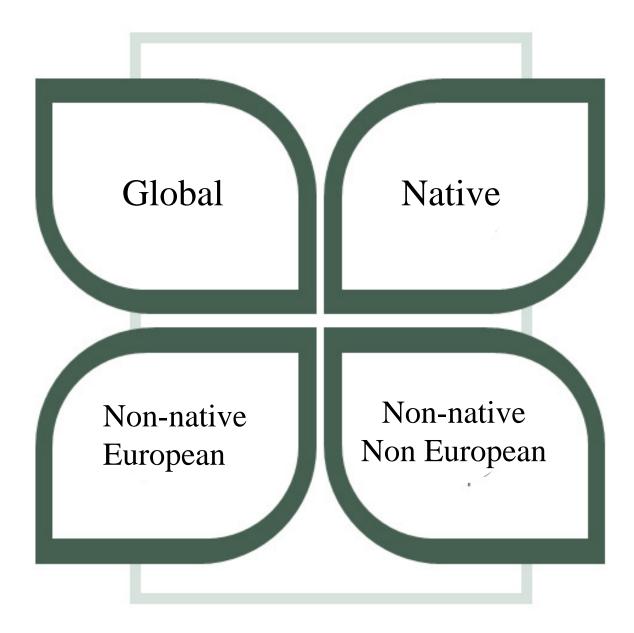
Literature Search

Literature Analysis











#### **Global Literature**

1.374 documents

71 countries

3.262 author keywords

Japan (







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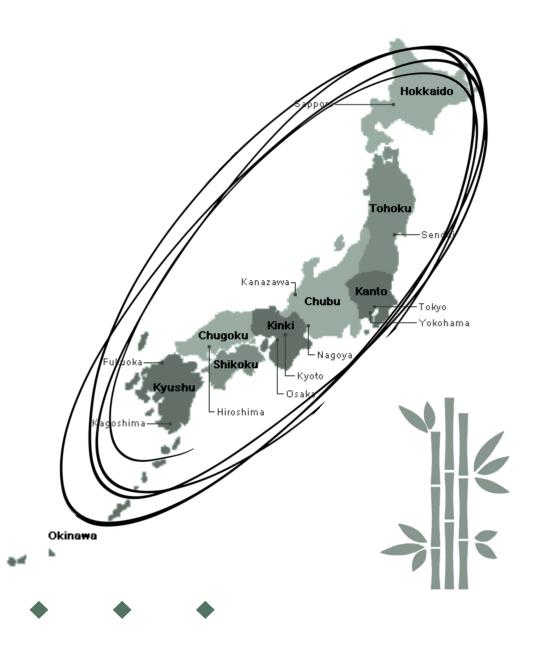
#### **Global Literature**

1.374 documents

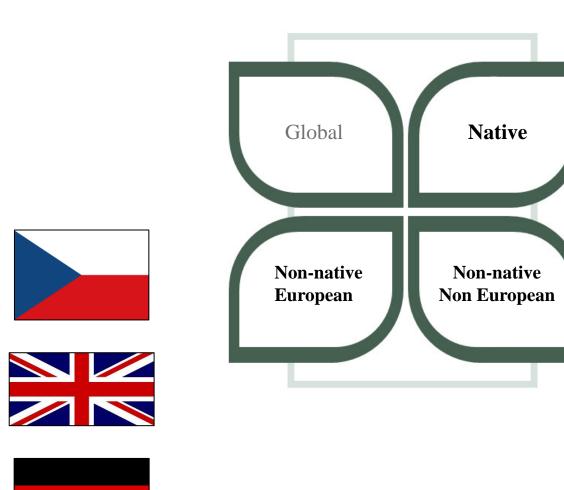
71 countries

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Japan 🔍 🔍





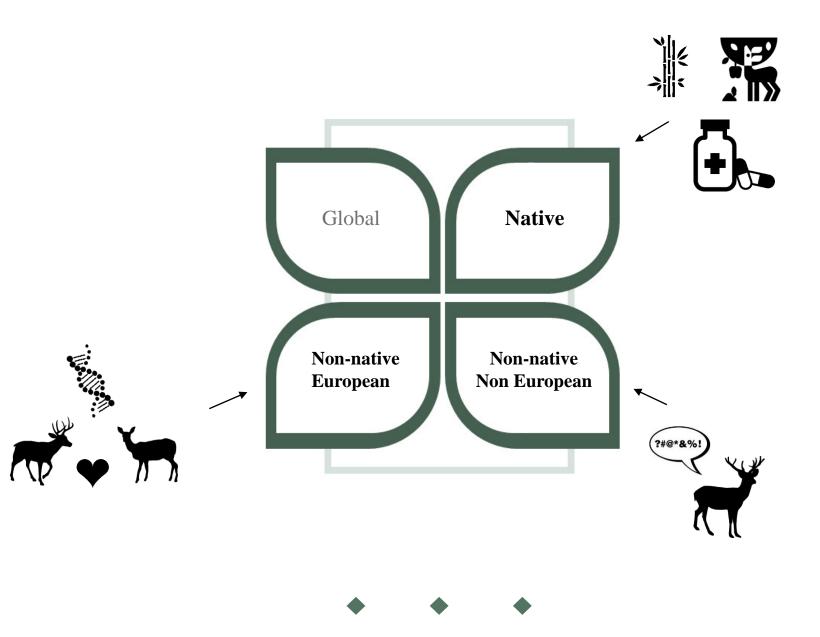








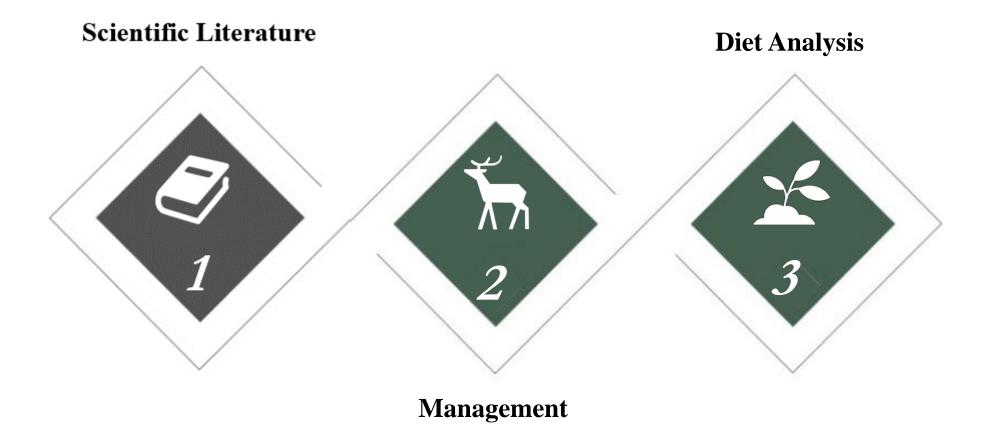




| • | management | cervidae<br>cervus<br>cattle<br>artificial<br>insemination<br>sheep<br>mule deer<br>mitochondrial<br>dna<br>red deer<br>ruminant<br>phylogeography<br>conservation<br>sequence<br>sasa nipponica<br>dwarf bamboo<br>central japan<br>food habit<br>population<br>structure<br>wild | 1990     5.1305     1995       1990     3.5838     1996       1990     4.6582     1998       1990     4.1261     1998       1990     4.6609     2001       1990     3.9853     2001       1990     3.9853     2001       1990     3.8753     2001       1990     4.0271     2002       1990     4.6827     2003       1990     4.6534     2007       1990     4.6534     2007       1990     4.8133     2007       1990     3.6544     2009       1990     4.095     2010 | 2005     2004     2006     2007     2010     2010     2005     2007     2008     2011     2005     2007     2008     2011     2012 | <u>CiteSpace</u> |
|---|------------|--|---|--|------------------|
|   | management | wild<br>1990 3.9473 2016<br>model<br>diversity<br>china<br>community<br>identification<br>prevalence<br>management<br>genetic<br>diversity   | 1990     4.095 2010       2020       1990     4.5353 2013       1990     3.936 2013       1990     4.7325 2014       1990     4.1261 2014       1990     8.885 2015       1990     5.0241 2015       1990     3.9473 2016       1990     4.3072 2017  | 2012   2018   2017   2018   2018   2018   2020   2020   2020   2020   2020   2020   2020   |                  |
|   |            | apoptosis<br>sika deer antler<br>regeneration<br>velvet antler   | 19903.6186201819904.17252018  | 2020<br>2018<br>2020<br>2020   |                  |



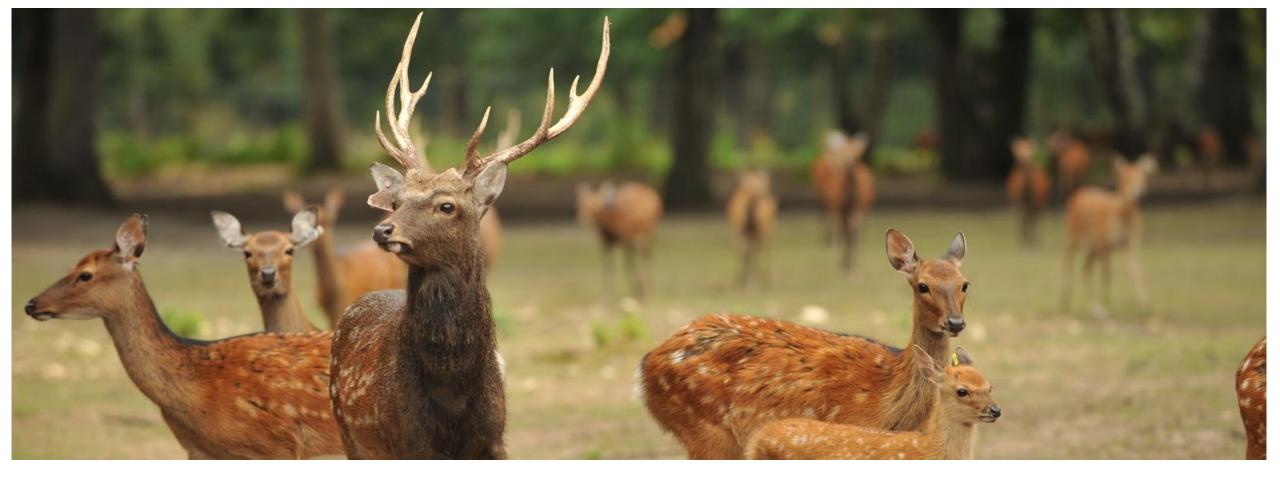
#### Aims and Goals

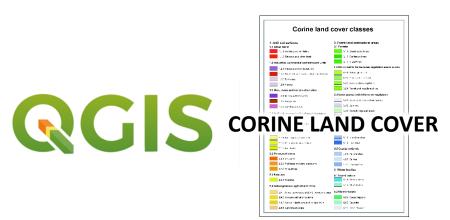


#### Evaluation of Czech Management

- Identification of hunting subpopulations
- Number of culled deer
- Assessments of vegetation types
- Analysis of available data







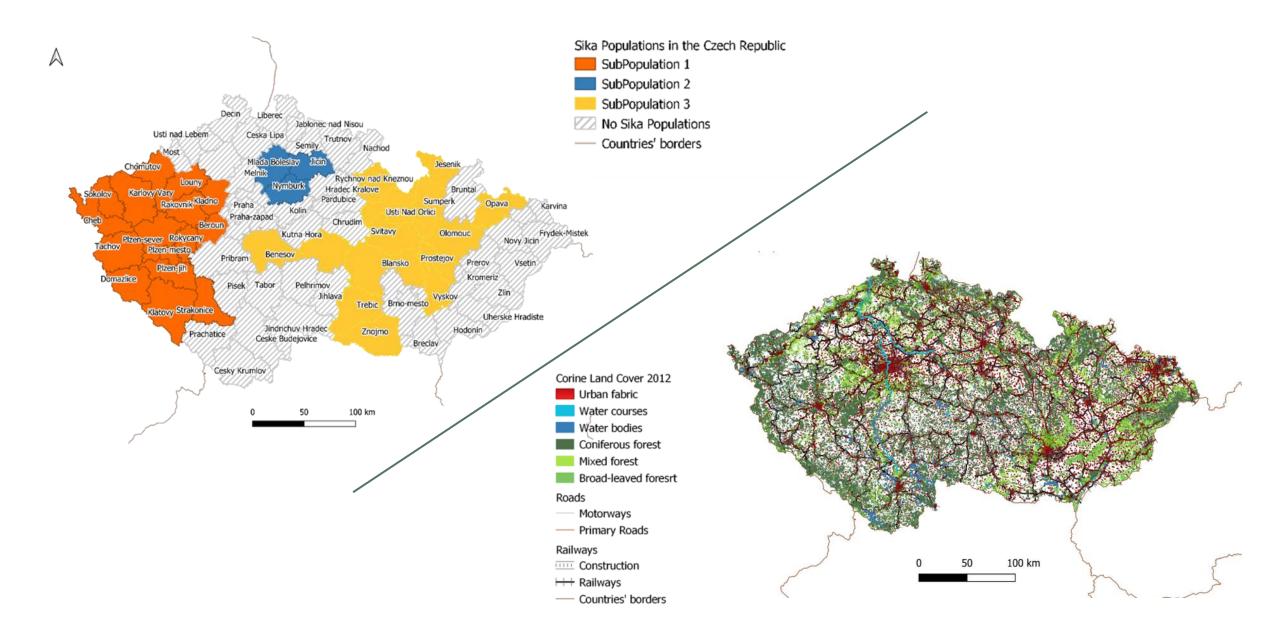






MINISTRY OF AGRICULTURE OF THE CZECH REPUBLIC







#### Annual Average increase

$$A.a.i = \left(\frac{x}{y}\right)^{\frac{1}{n}} - 1$$

x number of the deer culled in that subpopulation in 2018

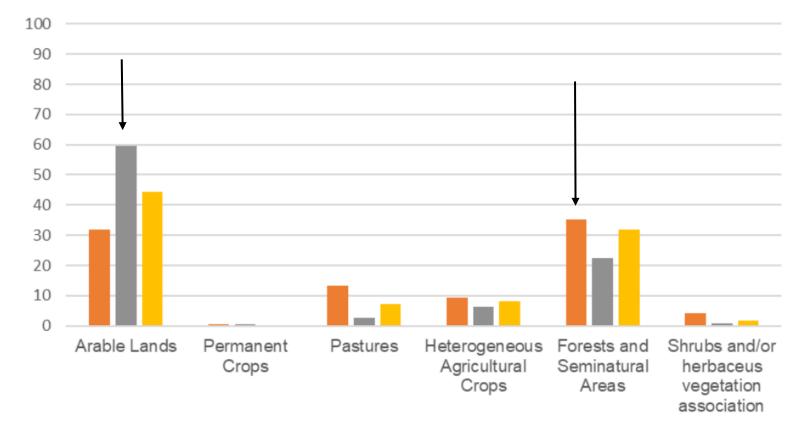
y number of deer culled in that subpopulation in 1994

n number of years in the considered timeframe(25)





#### Percentage of vegetation cover by subpopulation



■ S1 ■ S2 ■ S3



### Other sources of mortality

WVC

Predation



### Other sources of mortality

WVC

Predation

**Rapidly Increasing Population** 

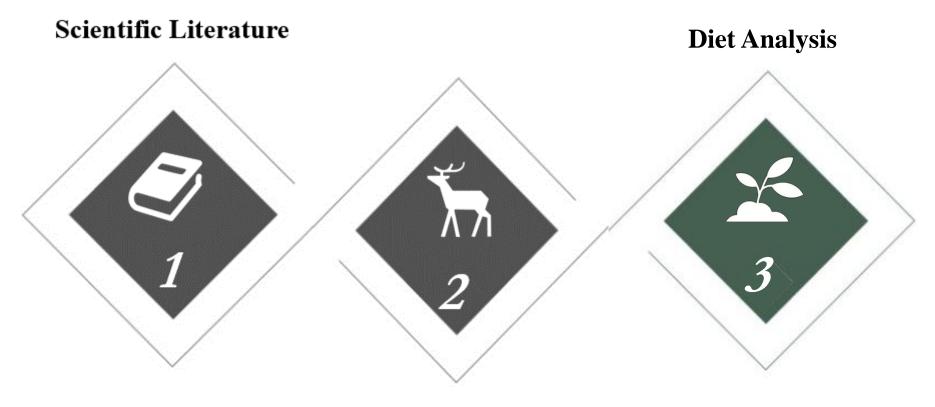
Current management not suf-ficient to keep the population stable and contained, especially in the Western part of the country.

Better resources are impelling need for the Czech Republic.





#### Aims and Goals



Management



### Feeding

Japan

Preferred plants

Adaptability



#### Sika Deer Diet

Out-competing other species

Damaging the vegetation

Expensive and time consuming methods

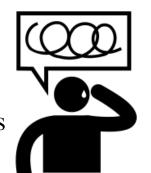


#### Sika Deer Diet

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Damaging the vegetation

Expensive and time consuming methods



### Preliminary study on sika deer diet

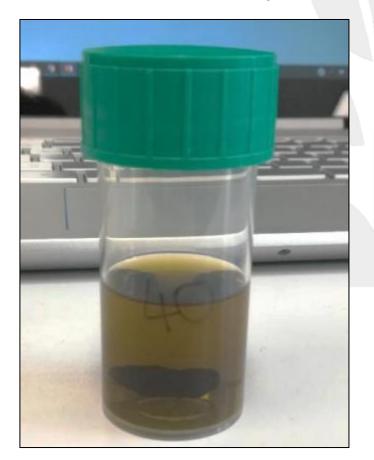
• Faecal sample collection





## Preliminary study on sika deer diet

- Faecal sample collection
- DNA metabarcoding





### Preliminary study on sika deer diet

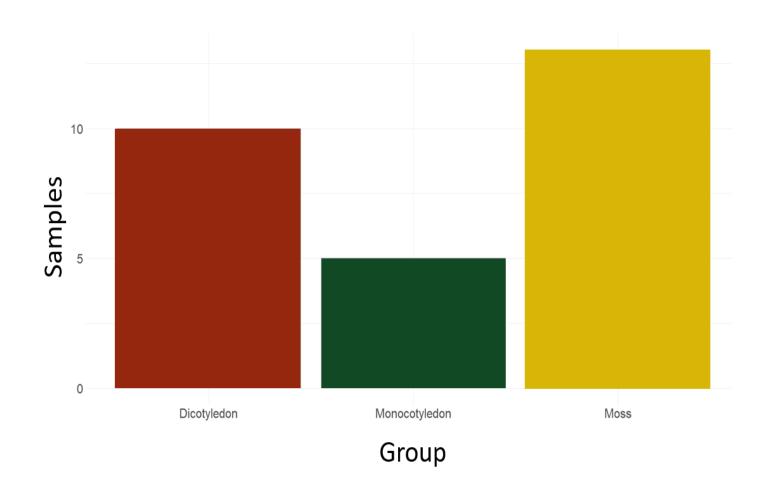
- Faecal sample collection
- DNA metabarcoding
- FTIR spectroscopy analysis





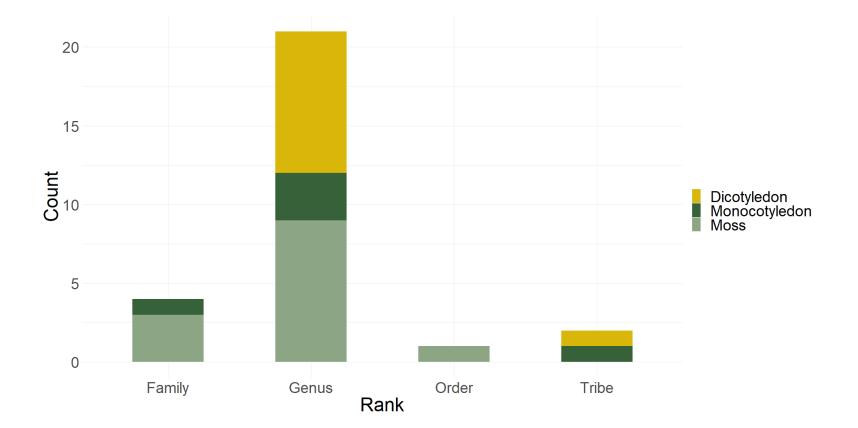


#### 40 samples, 23 sequenced

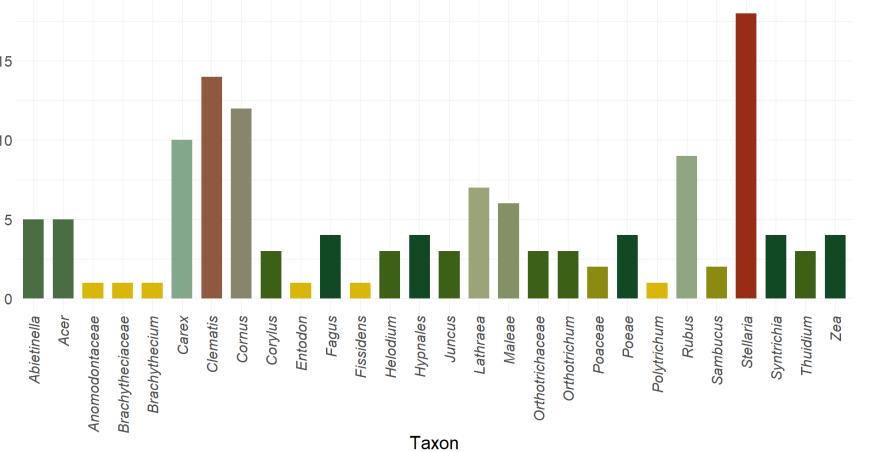


28 taxa



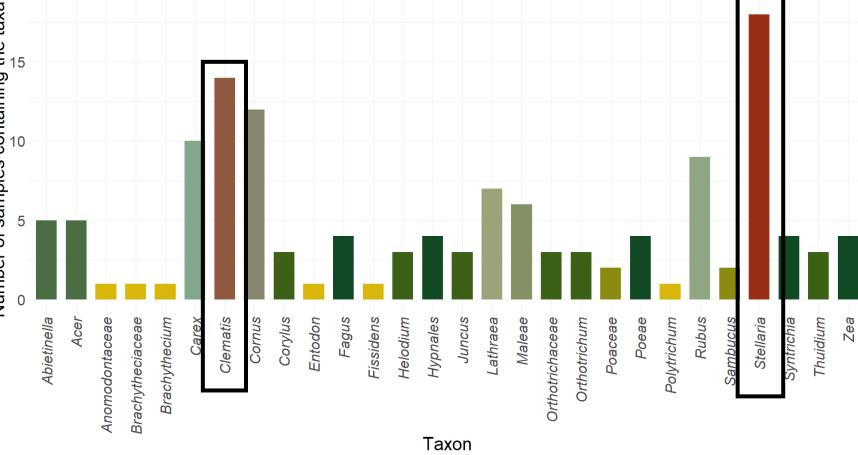




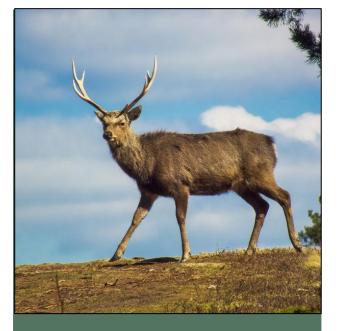


# Number of samples containing the taxa

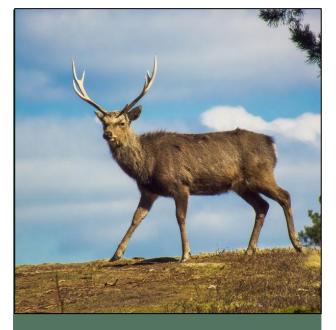


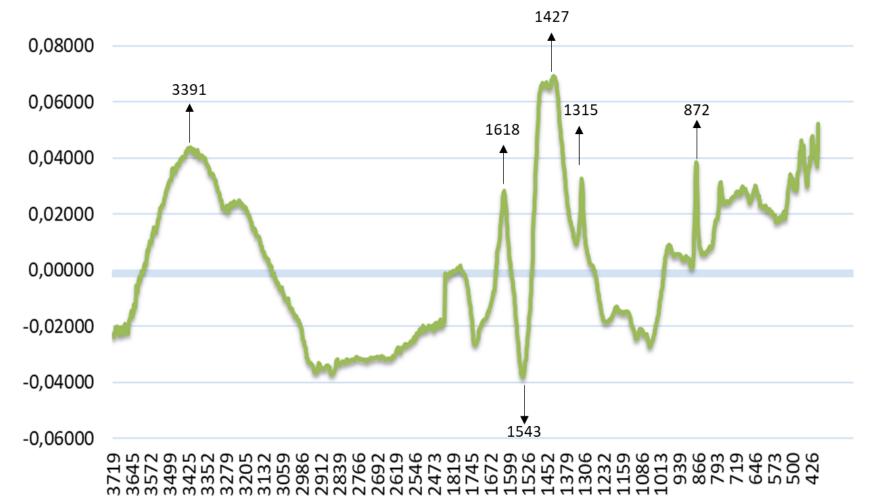


# Number of samples containing the taxa











### Preliminary Study

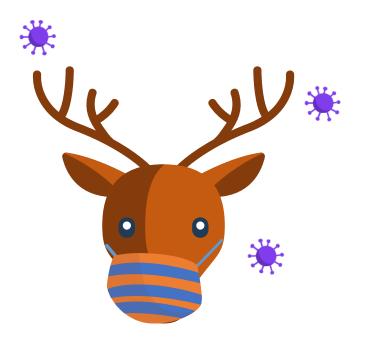
Preferred taxa?

Suitable methods

Comparison of spectra with undigested vegetation

Comparison with faecal matter of sika from a second subpopulation

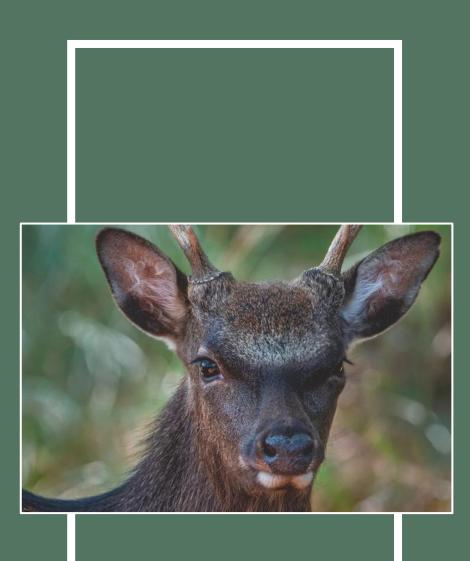
Comparison with faecal matter of other ungulates











## General Discussion

#### Highly detrimental species

Literature does not cover all the aspects of the species ecology and management

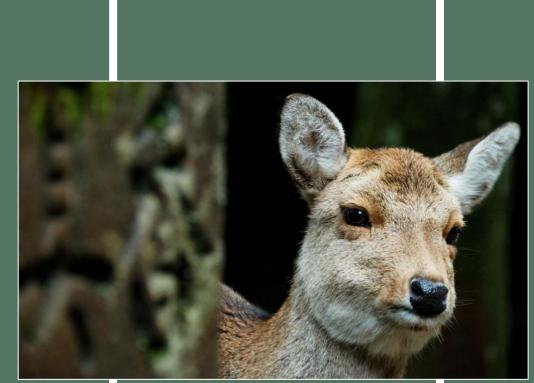
Management is not a widely discussed topic

Management of the species needs improvement

Ad hoc studies are necessary when describing the species' diet and food habits.

## General Conclusions

- i) research trends and discussed topic
- ii) blind spots and unexplored issues related to the species
- iii) the management of one of the biggest and most invasive populations of Europe
- iv) the diet of a severely unobserved alien population
- v) the testing of methods of analysis for future studies
- vi) possible future perspectives.





## General Conclusions

Ongoing issue

Importance of causes of death reports for the species

Implement the utilization of hunting bags

Necessity of *ad hoc* studies for the diet

Suitability of more modern and rapid methods of analysis





#### ♦♦

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- Saggiomo L., B Esattore, L Bartoš. "Evaluating the Management Success of an Alien Species Through Its Hunting Bags: The Case of the Sika Deer (*Cervus nippon*) in the Czech Republic." *Acta Universitatis Agriculturae Et Silviculturae Mendelianae Brunensis*, vol. 69, no. 3, 2021, pp. 327–336., doi:10.11118/actaun.2021.030.
- Saggiomo L., B. Esattore, V., Bar. "The fox who cried wolf: A keywords and literature trend analysis on the phenomenon of mesopredator release" (Under review Journal: Ecological Complexity)

#### 4/2021 <u>BEE 2021</u> (Online)

Contribution with an oral presentation: "Alien and Native Sika deer (Cervus nippon) : A bibliometric network analysis"

#### 11/2020 Kostelecké inspirování (Online)

Contribution with an oral presentation: "Evaluating the management success of an alien species through its hunting bags: the case of the sika deer (*Cervus nippon*) in the Czech Republic"

#### 09/2019 93rd Annual Meeting of the German Society for Mammalian Biology. Dresden, Germany

Contribution with an oral presentation: "Mid Infrared Spectroscopy, Micro Histological analysis, and DNA Barcoding of Sika Deer Faecal Samples in Lower Austria"

#### 09/2019 5th European Student Conference on Behaviour and Cognition. Vienna, Austria

Presentation of the Scientific Poster: "Should I Stay or Should I go? Sika Deer Presence and Spreading in the Western Czech Republic"

02/2018 Zoologicke dny. Prague, Czech Republic

Presentation of the Scientific Poster: "Sika deer presence and spreading in the western Czech Republic"



## **Special Thanks**

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- Prof. Zoran Ristic,
- Dr. Nenad Stojanac,
- Dr. Dejan Beukovic,
- Marco Sensi,
- Valentina Bar,
- Vanessa Francia



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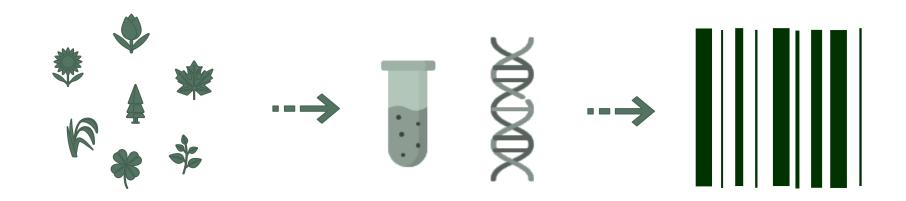
Výzkumný ústav živočišné výroby, v.v.i.

PRAGUE





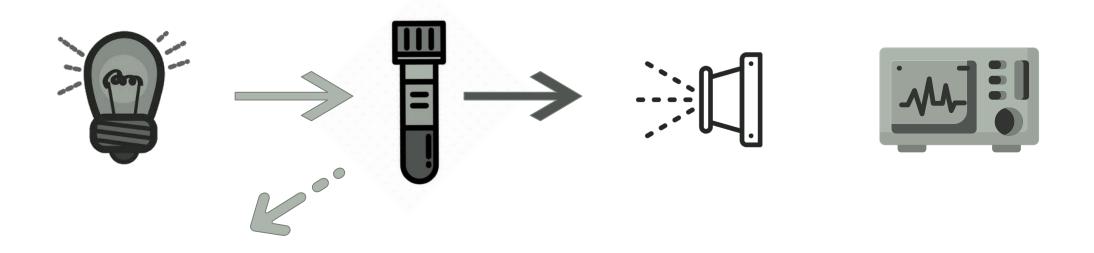
## DNA barcoding



## Multi-Species samples= DNA Metabarcoding



## Spectroscopy



Absorption spectroscopy= FTIR





("Cervus nippon" OR "Sika deer")



Co-authorship of countries

Co-occurrence of keywords





